

Technical Specification

ISO/IEC TS 24462

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Ontology building blocks for security and risk assessment

Sécurité de l'information, cybersécurité et protection de la vie privée — Blocs de construction pour l'ontologie de l'évaluation de la sécurité et des risques

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and www.iso.org/members.html and

Introduction

The assessment of trustworthiness within information and computer technologies (ICT) is associated with various types of best practices and evaluations, such as governance, secure development lifecycle, security evaluation and risk assessment.

This document was developed to build upon international standards dealing with ICT assessment such as ISO/IEC 27034-7, ISO/IEC 27007 and ISO/IEC 27036-1.

When a new technology or use case becomes prominent, novel approaches to assessments should be defined, which take existing frameworks into consideration. The dynamic cycle of technological development and integrated environments increase the need for international standards. This document aims to simplify the approach for creating new assessments and for analysing existing assessments for their applicability in the emerging and mature technology areas.

This document contains the following elements:

- a) an inventory of uniform components of assessment-related standards, called building blocks (BBs), and their structure;
- b) ontology capturing relationships among BBs;
- c) guidelines for using standardized BBs.

<u>Figure 1</u> and <u>Figure 2</u> provide an overview of a representative hierarchy of BBs from this document. <u>Figure 1</u> depicts the top-level classes of the hierarchy. <u>Figure 2</u> illustrates the semantic building block branch of the hierarchy, with its building blocks for assessments and assessment components.

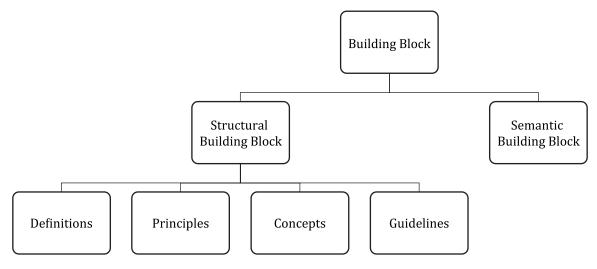


Figure 1 — Top levels of the ontology

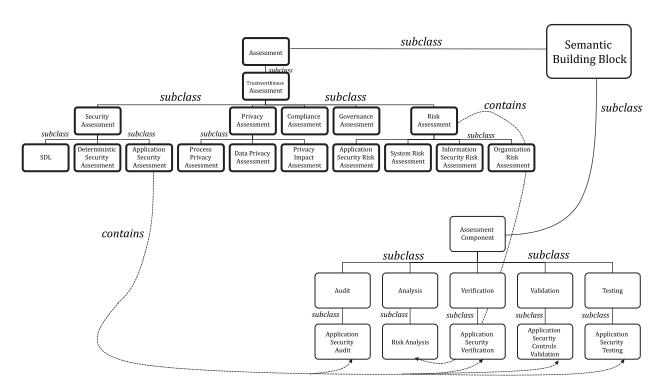


Figure 2 — Semantic Building Block branch of the ontology

Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection — Ontology building blocks for security and risk assessment

1 Scope

This document defines an inventory of building blocks conceptually associated with different types of assessments of information and communication technology (ICT) trustworthiness. These assessments apply to areas such as governance, risk management, security evaluation, secure development lifecycle (SDL), supply chain integrity and privacy. This document also defines an ontology that organizes these building blocks and provides instructions for using the inventory of building blocks and the ontology.

Formalizing the types, categories, and structural characteristics of building blocks in the area of ICT trustworthiness assessment aims to increase efficiency and improve future harmonization in standards development and their use. Building blocks can refer to structural components as well as semantic components. These components can be connected to a variety of concepts and activities related to trustworthiness assessments, including process related, such as traceability or elements of assessment methodologies.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.